

Collision Standards Summary of Changes

Effective January 1, 2021

Summary

- Review held February 25-27, 2020
- 23 subject matter experts contributed, including secondary and post-secondary instructors, state Dept. of Education, working technicians and representatives from Gerber, Caliber Collision, Service King, 3M, Car-O-Liner, Axalta, Sherwin Williams, Chief Automotive, and I-CAR.
- No changes to the areas of Accreditation offered (Structural, Non-Structural, Mechanical & Electrical, Painting and Refinishing)
- Welding tasks are still required as part of Structural and Non-Structural areas of accreditation
- Damage Analysis, Estimating and Customer Service tasks are still required for all accredited Collision programs
- No changes to minimum hours for program accreditation
- No changes to Instructor qualifications
- Edits, additions, and deletions made to the task lists, tool lists, and equipment lists
- Minor changes to the number of priority tasks in each area
- Available to apply for in January 1, 2021
- Deletions are struck through in red and additions are marked in blue

TASK LIST AND ASSUMPTIONS

The ASE Education Foundation task list was reviewed and updated in <u>February 2020</u>. April 2016. A national committee was assembled in Leesburg, Virginia to review the tasks used in the collision repair and refinish accreditation program. The committee consisted of individuals representing collision repair and refinish shop owners and technicians, collision repair and refinish instructors, collision repair and refinish equipment and parts suppliers.⁵ and the Inter-Industry Conference on Auto Collision Repair (I-CAR).

The committee reviewed the standards, task list, tools and equipment list, program hours, and instructor qualifications. The committee had the most current National Institute for Automotive Service Excellence (ASE) collision repair and refinish task lists for reference purposes.

All the tasks are assigned a "High Priority" designation. Accredited programs must include at least 95% of the HP-I tasks and 90% of the HP-G tasks in the curriculum. Please refer to the Task List Information in the Policies section for additional information on the requirements for instruction on tasks.

Theory instruction and hands-on performance of all the basic tasks will provide initial training for **entry-level** employment in the <u>automotive serviceCollision Repair and Refinish</u> field or prepare the student for further training. Competency in the tasks will indicate to employers that the graduate has the skills needed for entry-level employment in the <u>automotive cCollision repair and refinish</u> service field.

1. It is assumed that:

- * in all areas, appropriate safety, theory, and support instruction will be required for performing each task;
- * the instruction has included identification and use of appropriate tools and testing and measurement equipment required to accomplish certain tasks; and

- the student has received the necessary training to locate and use current reference and training materials from accepted industry publications;
- 2. It is assumed that:
 - * all components are steel unless otherwise specified;
 - current manufacturer's required/recommended repair procedures are available for each vehicle used in instruction;
 - * all diagnostic and repair tasks described in this document are to be accomplished in accordance with manufacturer's recommended procedures/specifications as published;
 - where manufacturer's <u>required/</u>recommended guidelines are not available, published industry guidelines are used; and
 - * all tools and equipment comply with applicable federal, state and local regulations.
- 3. It is assumed that:
 - individual training programs being evaluated for accreditation should have written and detailed performance standards for each task covered and taught in the curriculum;
 - * learning progress of students will be monitored and evaluated against these performance standards;
 - * a system is in place that informs all students of their individual progress through all phases of the training program.
- 4. It is assumed that:
 - * individual courses of study will differ across collision repair and refinish technician training programs;
 - * development of appropriate learning delivery systems and tests which monitor student progress will be the responsibility of the individual training program.

- 5. It is assumed that:
 - all students will receive instruction and training on labor, safety, and environmental laws in accordance
 with as required by-Federal, State and Local Regulations. in the storage, handling, and use of Hazardous
 Materials as required in Hazard Communication Title 29, Code of Federal Regulation Part 1910.1200,
 'Right to Know Law', and state and local requirements; hazardous and toxic materials will be handled,
 removed and recycled or disposed of according to federal, state, and local regulations.

TASK LIST

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR

For every task in Structural Analysis and Damage Repair, the following safety requirements must be strictly enforced:

Comply with personal and environmental safety practices associated with clothing and the use of gloves; respiratory protection; eye protection; proper Personal Protection Equipment (PPE); -hand tools; power equipment; proper ventilation; and the handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals/materials in accordance with local, state, and federal safety and environmental regulations. Identify vehicle system <u>precautions</u> <u>and/or inspections to include but not limited to:hazard types</u> (Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) <u>Inspection, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS)</u>, hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles_), locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing components.

I. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR

A. Safety Precautions

1.	Select and use proper personal safety equipment; take necessary precautions	
	with hazardous operations and materials in accordance with federal, state,	
	and local regulations.	HP-I
<u>2.</u>	Locate OEM procedures to identify material and composition of the vehicle	
	being repaired (mild steel, high strength steel, ultra-high strength steel, etc.).	<u>HP-I</u>
2. 3	Locate procedures and precautions that may apply to the substrate of the	
	component of the vehicle being repaired.	HP-I
3. 4	Identify vehicle system hazard typesprecautions and/or inspections to	
	include but not limited to (supplemental restraint system (SRS), advanced	
	driver assistance systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles),	
	locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing	
	components.	HP-I
<u>5.</u>	Perform vehicle clean-up; complete quality control using a checklist on	
	operations performed.	<u>HP-I</u>
	4. Select and use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator. Inspect	
	condition and ensure fit and operation. Perform proper maintenance in	
	accordance with OSHA regulation 1910.134 and applicable state and local	
	regulation.	HP-I

I. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR

B. Frame Inspection and Repair

1. Measure and diagnose structural damage using a metric tape measure and a	<u>1</u>
tram gauge.	HP-I
2. Attach vehicle to anchoring devices. Properly install vehicle on to a frame	
bench/rack.	HP-G
3. Analyze, straighten and align mash (collapse) damage.	HP-G
4. Analyze, straighten and align sag damage.	HP-G
5. Analyze, straighten and align side sway damage.	HP-G
6. Analyze, straighten and align twist damage.	HP-G
7. Analyze, straighten and align diamond frame damage.	HP-G
8. Remove and replace damaged structural components.	HP-G
9. <u>Remove and r</u> Replace protective coatings; restore corrosion protection to	
repaired or replaced frame areas and anchoring locations.	HP-G
10. Analyze and identify misaligned or damaged steering, suspension, and	
powertrain mounting points and components.	HP-G
11. Align or replace misaligned or damaged steering, suspension, and	
powertrain mounting points and components. that can cause vibration,	
steering, and wheel alignment problems.	HP-G
12. Identify heat limitations and monitoring procedures for structural	
components.	HP-G

	13.	Demonstrate an understanding of structural foam applications.	HP-G
	14.	Measure and diagnose structural damage using a three-dimensional	
		measuring system (mechanical, electronic, laser), etc.	HP-G
	15.	Determine the extent of the direct and indirect damage and the direction of	
		impact; document the methods and sequence of repair.	HP-I
	16.	Analyze and identify crush/collapse zones.	HP-I
I.	ST	RUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR	
	C.	Unibody and Unitized Structure Inspection, Measurement, and Repair	
	1.	Analyze and identify misaligned or damaged steering, suspension, and	
		powertrain mounting points that can cause vibration, steering, and chassis	
		alignment problems.	HP-G
	2.	Align or replace misaligned or damaged steering, suspension, and	
		powertrain mounting points that can cause vibration, steering and chassis	
		alignment problems.	HP-G
	3.	alignment problems. Measure and diagnose unibody damage usin <u>g a metric tape measurer and</u>	HP-G
	3.		HP-G HP-I
		Measure and diagnose unibody damage using a metric tape measure and	
		Measure and diagnose unibody damage usin <u>g a metric tape measurer and</u> tram gauge.	
		Measure and diagnose unibody damage usin <u>g a metric tape measure* and</u> tram gauge. Measure and diagnose unibody vehicles using a dedicated (fixture)	HP-I

6. Determine the extent of the direct and indirect damage and the direction of	
impact; plan and document the methods and sequence of repair.	HP-I
7. Attach anchoring devices to vehicle; remove or reposition components as	HP-I
necessary.	HP-G
	<u>m o</u>
8. Straighten and align roof rails/headers and roof panels.	HP-G
9. Straighten and align rocker panels and pillars.	HP-G
10. Straighten and align vehicle openings, and floor pans.	HP-G
11. Straighten and align quarter panels, wheelhouse assemblies, and rear body	
sections (including rails and suspension/powertrain mounting points).	HP-G
12 Straighton and align front and sactions (appendig strut toward upper and	
12. Straighten and align front-end sections (aprons, strut towers, upper and lower rails, steering, and suspension/power train mounting points, etc.).	HP-G
lower rails, seering, and suspension/power train mounting points, etc.).	III -0
13. Identify substrate and repair Determine structural repair component or	HP-I
replacement recommendations.	<u>HP-G</u>
14. Identify proper cold stress relief methods.	HP-I
15. Repair damage using power tools and hand tools to restore proper contours	
and dimensions.	HP I
<u>16.15.</u> Determine sectioning procedures of a steel body structure.	HP-I
17. <u>16.</u> Remove and replace damaged structural components.	HP-G

18. Restore corrosion protection to repaired or replaced structural areas, and			
anchoring locations.	HP-I		
<u>19.17.</u> Determine the extent of damage to aluminum structural components; repair, weld, or replace.	HP-G		
20.18. Analyze and identify crush/collapse zones.	HP-I		
I. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR			
D. Stationary Glass			
 Identify considerations for removal, handling, one time use parts, and installation of advanced glass systems (<u>comfort and safety systems</u>features) rain sensors, navigation, cameras, and collision avoidance systems). 	HP-G		
 Remove and reinstall or replace modular glass using recommended materials. 	HP-G	SA T	asks
 Check for water leaks, dust leaks, and wind noise. 	HP-G	HP-I HP-G	<u>12</u> 16 <u>30</u> 27
4. Identify considerations for pre-scan, post-scan, and recalibration procedures.	<u>HP-G</u>		<u>42</u> 4 3

NON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR

(BODY COMPONENTS)

For every task in Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair (Body Components), the following safety requirements must be strictly enforced:

Comply with personal and environmental safety practices associated with clothing and the use of gloves; respiratory protection; eye protection; hearing protection; proper Personal Protection Equipment (PPE); hand tools; power equipment; proper ventilation; and the handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals/materials in accordance with local, state, and federal safety and environmental regulations. Identify vehicle system hazard types precautions and/or inspections to include but not limited to: (Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Inspection, Advanced Drive Assistance Systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles), locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing components.

II. NON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COMPONENTS)

A. Safety Precautions

1.	Select and use proper personal safety equipment; take necessary precautions	
	with hazardous operations and materials in accordance with federal, state,	
	and local regulations.	HP-I
<u>2.</u>	Locate OEM procedures to identify material and composition of the vehicle	
	being repaired (mild steel, high strength steel, ultra-high strength steel,	
	<u>aluminum, etc.).</u>	<u>HP-I</u>
2.3.Locate procedures and precautions that may apply to the vehicle being		
	repaired.	HP-I
3. 4	Identify vehicle system- <u>precautions and/or inspections to include but not</u>	
	limited to hazard types (supplemental restraint system (SRS), advanced	
	driver assistance systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles),	
	locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing	
	components.	HP-I

- 5. Perform vehicle clean-up; complete quality control using a checklist on operations performed.
- Select and use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator. Inspect condition

 and ensure fit and operation. Perform proper maintenance in accordance
 with OSHA regulation 1910.134 and applicable state and local regulation.
 HP-I

<u>HP-I</u>

II. NON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COMPONENTS) B. Preparation

1.	Review damage report and analyze damage to determine appropriate	
	methods for overall repair; develop and document a repair plan.	HP-I
2.	Inspect, remove, protect, label, store, inventory, and reinstall exterior trim	
	and moldings.	HP-I
3.	Inspect, remove, protect, label, store, inventory, and reinstall interior trim	
	and components.	HP-I
4.	Inspect, remove, protect, label, store, inventory, and reinstall body panels	
т.	inspect, remove, <u>protect</u> , label, store, <u>inventory</u> , and remstan obdy panels	
	and components that may interfere with or be damaged during repair.	HP-I
5.	Inspect, remove, protect, label, store, inventory, and reinstall vehicle	
	mechanical and electrical components that may interfere with or be damaged	
	during repair.	HP-G
6.	Protect panels, glass, interior parts, and other vehicles adjacent to the repair	

area. HP-I

	7.	Soap and water wash entire vehicle; complete pre-repair inspection	
		checklist.	HP-I
	8.	Prepare damaged area using water-based and solvent-based cleaners.	HP-I
	9.	Remove corrosion protection, undercoating, sealers, and other protective	
		coatings as necessary to perform repairs.	HP-I
	10.	Inspect, remove, and reinstall repairable plastics and other components for off-vehicle repair.	HP-I
тт	NI	ON STRUCTURAL ANALVEIS AND DAMAGE DEDAID (DODY COM	DONENTS
II.		ON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COM	PUNEN IS)
	C.	Outer Body Panel Repairs, Replacements, and Adjustments	
	1.	Inspect/locate direct, indirect, or hidden damage and direction of impact.	HP-I
	2.	Inspect, remove and replace mechanically fastened welded steel panel or	
		panel assemblies.	HP-G
	3.	Determine the extent of damage to aluminum body panels; repair or replace.	HP-G
	4.	Inspect, remove, replace, and align hood, hood hinges, and hood latch.	HP-I
	5.	Inspect, remove, replace, and align deck lid, lid hinges, and lid latch.	HP-I
	6.	Inspect, remove, replace, and align doors, latches, hinges, and related	
		hardware.	HP-I
	7.	Inspect, remove, replace and align tailgates, hatches, liftgates and sliding	
		doors.	HP-G

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8. Inspect, remove, replace, overhaul, and align bumpers, covers,	
reinforcements, guards, impact absorbers, and mounting hardware.	HP-I
9. Inspect, remove, replace and align fenders, and related panels.	HP-I
10. Restore corrosion protection during and after the repair.	HP-I
11. Replace door skins.	HP-G
12. Restore sound deadeners and foam materials.	HP-G
13. Perform panel bonding and weld bonding.	HP-G
14. Diagnose and repair water leaks, dust leaks, and wind noise.	HP-G
15. Identify one-time use fasteners.	HP-G
16. Weld damaged or torn steel body panels; repair broken welds.	HP-G
17. Inspect, identify labels/decals and replace as necessary.	<u>HP-G</u>

II. NON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COMPONENTS)

D. Metal Finishing and Body Filling

 Prepare a panel for body filler by abrading or removing the coatings; featheredge, and refine scratches, and clean the surface before the application of body filler.
 HP-I

	2.	Locate and repair surface irregularities and straighten contours on a	
		damaged body panel using power tools, hand tools, and weld-on pulling	
		attachments.	HP-I
	3.	Demonstrate hammer and dolly techniques.	HP-I
	4.	Heat shrink stretched panel areas to proper contour.	HP-G
	5.	Cold shrink stretched panel areas to proper contour.	HP-I
	6.	Identify body filler defects; correct the cause and condition. (Pinholing,	
		ghosting, staining, over catalyzing, etc.)	HP-I
	7.	Identify different types of body fillers.	HP-G
	<u>8.</u>	Mix and apply body filler Shape body filler to contour; finish sand.	<u>HP-I</u>
8.		Shape body filler to contour; finish sand.	HP-I
	9.	Perform proper metal finishing techniques for aluminum.	HP-G
	10.	Perform proper application of body filler to aluminum.	HP-G
	11.	Straighten contours of damaged panels to a suitable condition for body	
		fillings or metal finishing using power tools, hand tools, and weld-on pulling	HP-
		attachments. Locate and repair surface irregularities and straighten contours	HP-
		on a damaged panel using Glue-Pulling Dent Repair (GPDR).	<u>G</u>
	<u>12.</u>	Mix and apply body filler.	HP-I

II. NON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COMPONENTS)

E. Moveable Glass and Hardware

1.	Inspect, adjust, overhaul repair or replace window regulators, run channels,				
	glass, power mechanisms, and related controls.	HP-I			
2.	Inspect, adjust, repair, remove, reinstall or replace weather-stripping.	HP-G			
3.	Inspect, remove, repair or replace, and adjust removable power operated				
	roof panel and hinges, latches, guides, handles, retainer, and controls of				
	sunroofs.	HP-G			
4.	Inspect, remove, reinstall, and align convertible top and related mechanisms.	HP-G			
5.	Initialize Identify or recalibrate electrical components as needed that may				
	need to be initialized.	HP-G			
II. N	ON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COM	PONENTS)			
	F. Plastics, and Adhesives, and Welding				
1.					
	Identify the types of plastics; determine repairability.	HP-I			
2.	Identify the types of plastics; determine repairability. Clean and prepare the surface of plastic parts; identify the types of plastic	HP-I			
2.		HP-I HP-I			
	Clean and prepare the surface of plastic parts; identify the types of plastic				
3.	Clean and prepare the surface of plastic parts; identify the types of plastic repair procedures.	HP-I			
3.	Clean and prepare the surface of plastic parts; identify the types of plastic repair procedures. Repair rigid, semi-rigid, and flexible plastic panels.	HP-I			
3.	Clean and prepare the surface of plastic parts; identify the types of plastic repair procedures. Repair rigid, semi-rigid, and flexible plastic panels. Remove <u>, replace</u> , or repair damaged areas <u>from of</u> rigid exterior composite	HP-I HP-I			
3.	Clean and prepare the surface of plastic parts; identify the types of plastic repair procedures. Repair rigid, semi-rigid, and flexible plastic panels. Remove <u>, replace</u> , or repair damaged areas <u>from of</u> rigid exterior composite	HP-I HP-I HP-G NS Tasks			

5. Replace bonded rigid exterior composite body panels; straighten or align		
panel supports.		<u>5958</u> 51
6. Repair plastic parts by welding (nitrogen, -airless welding).	<u>HP-G</u>	
7. Perform a singlesided adhesively bonded cosmetic repair.	<u>HP-I</u>	
8. Perform a doublesided adhesively bonded repair.	<u>HP-I</u>	
9. Perform an adhesively bonded or welded tab repair.	<u>HP-I</u>	
10. Shape and reform damaged plastic.	<u>HP-G</u>	

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

For every task in Mechanical and Electrical Components, the following safety requirements must be strictly enforced:

Comply with personal and environmental safety practices associated with <u>clothing and the use of gloves</u>; respiratory protection; eye protection<u>proper Personal Protection Equipment (PPE)</u>; hand tools; power equipment; proper ventilation; and the handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals/materials in accordance with local, state, and federal safety and environmental regulations. Identify vehicle system hazard typesprecautions and/or inspections to include but not limited to: (Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) <u>Inspection, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS)</u>, hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles), locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing components.

III. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

A. Safety Precautions

 Select and use proper personal safety equipment; take necessary precautions with hazardous operations and materials in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
 HP-I

<u>2.</u>	Locate OEM procedures to identify material & and composition of the vehicle		
	being repaired (mild steel, high strength steel, ultra-high strength steel,		
	<u>aluminum, etc.)</u>	<u>HP-I</u>	
2. 3	Locate procedures and precautions that may apply to the vehicle being		
	repaired.	HP-I	
3. 4	4.Identify vehicle system hazard typesprecautions and/or inspections to include		
	but not limited to (supplemental restraint system (SRS), advanced driver		
	assistance systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles),		
	locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing		
	components.	HP-I	
<u>5.</u>	Perform vehicle clean-up; complete quality control using a checklist on		
	operations performed.	<u>HP-I</u>	
4.	Select and use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator. Inspect condition		
	and ensure fit and operation. Perform proper maintenance in accordance with		
	OSHA regulation 1910.134 and applicable state and local regulation.	HP-I	
III. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS			
B.	Suspension and Steering		
1.	Perform visual inspection and measuring checks to identify steering and		
	suspension collision damage.	HP-G	
2.	Identify one-time use fasteners.	HP-I	
3.	Clean, inspect, and prepare reusable fasteners.	HP-I	

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4.	Remove, replace, inspect or adjust power steering pump, pulleys, belts,	
	hoses, fittings and pump mounts.	HP-G
5.	Remove and replace power steering gear (non-rack and pinion type).	HP-G
6.	Inspect, remove, and replace power rack and pinion steering gear and related	
	components.	HP-G
7.	Inspect and replace parallelogram steering linkage components.	HP-G
8.	Inspect, remove and replace upper and lower control arms and related	
	components.	HP-G
9.	Inspect, remove and replace steering knuckle/spindle/hub assemblies (including bearings, races, seals, etc.).	HP-G
	(including bearings, faces, seals, etc.).	III O
10.	. Inspect, remove and replace front suspension system coil springs and spring	
	insulators (silencers).	HP-G
11.	. Inspect, remove, replace, and adjust suspension system torsion bars, and	
	mounts.	HP-G
12.	. Inspect, remove and replace stabilizer bar bushings, brackets, and links.	HP-G
13.	. Inspect, remove and replace MacPherson strut or assembly, upper bearing,	
	and mount.	HP-G
14.	. Inspect, remove, and replace rear suspension system transverse links, control	
	arms, stabilizer bars, bushings, and mounts.	HP-G

15. Inspect, remove, and replace suspension system leaf spring(s) and related	
components.	HP-G
16. Inspect axle assembly for damage and misalignment.	HP-G
17. Inspect, remove and replace shock absorbers.	HP-G
18. Diagnose, inspect, adjust, repair or replace active suspension systems and associated lines and fittings.	HP-G
19. Measure vehicle ride height and wheel-base ; determine necessary action	
according to manufacturer specifications.	HP-I
20. Inspect, remove, replace, and align front and rear frame (cradles/subframe).	HP-G
21. Diagnose and inspect steering wheel, steering column, and components.	HP-G
22. Verify proper operation of steering systems including electronically	
controlled, hydraulic and electronically assisted steering systems.	HP-G
23. Diagnose front and rear suspension system noises and body sway problems;	
determine necessary action.	HP-G
24. Diagnose vehicle wandering, pulling, hard steering, bump steer, memory	
steering, torque steering, and steering return problems; determine necessary	
action.	HP-G
25. Demonstrate an understanding of wheel, suspension, and steering alignments	
(caster, camber, toe, SAI etc.).	HP-G

27.26. Inspect tires; identify tire wear patterns, direction of rotation and	
location; check tire size, identify nitrogen or air, check tire pressure	
monitoring system (TPMS) and adjust air pressure.	HP-I
28.27. Diagnose wheel/tire vibration, shimmy, tire pull (lead), wheel hop	
problems; determine needed repairs.	HP-G
29.28. Measure wheel, tire, axle, and hub runout; determine needed repairs.	HP-I
30.29. Reinstall wheels and torque lug nuts.	HP-I
31.30. Perform initialization or calibration procedures following suspension	
and/or steering system repairs.	HP-G
31. Perform a tire pressure monitoring system (TPMS) recalibration.	<u>HP-G</u>
32. Lift the vehicle for inspection, service, and repair by properly raising and	
supporting the vehicle.	<u>HP-G</u>
III. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	
C. Electrical	

HP-I

1. Demonstrate an understanding of Ohm's Law.	<u>HP-I</u>
1.2. Check for available voltage, voltage drop and current, and resistance in	
electrical wiring circuits and components with a DMM (digital multimeter).	HP-I
	HP-I

2.3. Repair wiring and connectors.	<u>HP-G</u>
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3.4.Inspect, test, and replace fusible links, circuit breakers, and fuses.	HP-I
4.5. Perform battery state-of-charge test and slow/fast battery charge.	HP-I
5.6.Inspect, clean, repair or replace battery, battery cables, connectors and clamps.	HP-I
6.7.Dispose-of/recycle batteries and battery acid-according to local, state, and federal requirements.	HP-G
7.8. Identify programmable electrical/electronic components and check for	
malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) and fault codes; record data for reprogramming before disconnecting battery.	HP-I
8.9. Inspect alignment, adjust, remove and replace alternator (generator), drive	
belts, pulleys, and fans.	HP-I
9.10. Check operation and aim headlamp assemblies and fog/driving	HP-I
lamps; determine needed repairs.	<u>HP-G</u>
<u>10.11.</u> Inspect, test, and repair or replace switches, relays, bulbs, sockets,	HP-I
connectors, and ground wires of interior and exterior light circuits.	ПР-I
<u>11.12</u> . Remove and replace horn(s); check operation.	HP-I
<u>12.13.</u> Check operation of wiper/washer systems; determine needed repairs.	HP-I
<u>13.14</u> Check operation of power side and tailgate window; determine	
needed repairs.	HP-I

15. Check operation of motorized sliding doors, lift gates, tailgates, running		
boards, etc.; determine needed repairs.	<u>HP-G</u>	
<u>14.16.</u> Inspect, remove and replace power seat, motors, linkages, cables, etc.	HP-G	
15.17. Inspect, remove and replace components of electric door and		
hatch/trunk lock.	HP-G	
16.18. Inspect, remove and replace components of keyless lock/unlock		
devices and alarm systems.	HP-G	
17.19. Inspect, remove and replace components of electrical sunroof and		
convertible/retractable hard top.	HP-G	
18.20. Check operation of electrically heated mirrors, windshields, back		
lights, panels, etc.; determine needed repairs.	HP-I	
<u>19.21.</u> Demonstrate self-grounding procedures (anti-static) for handling		
electronic components.	HP-I	
20.22. Check for module communication errors using a scan tool.	HP-G	
21.23. Use wiring diagrams, component location, and diagnostic flow charts		
during diagnosis of electrical circuit problems.	HP-G	
22.24. Identify safe disabling techniques of high voltage systems on		
hybrid/electric vehicles.	HP-G	
23.25. Identify potential safety and materials handling concerns associated		
with high voltage hybrid/electric vehicle battery systems.	HP-G	

III. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

D. Brakes

1.	Inspect brake lines, hoses, and fittings for damage or wear; tighten fittings	
	and supports; replace brake lines (double flare and ISO types).	HP-G
		HP-
2.	Replace hoses, fittings, seals, and supports.	HP-G
3.	Identify, handle, store, and fill with appropriate brake fluids.	HP-G
		HP-I
4.	Bleed (manual, pressure, or vacuum) hydraulic brake system.	<u>HP-G</u>
5.	Pressure test brake hydraulic system; determine necessary action.	HP-G
6.	Adjust brake shoes or pads; remove and reinstall brake drums or drum/hub	HP-I
	assemblies.	<u>HP-G</u>
7.	Remove, clean and inspect caliper and rotor assembly and mountings for	
	wear and damage; reinstall.	HP-I
8.	Inspect parking brake system operation; repair or adjust as necessary; verify	HP-I
	operation.	<u>HP-G</u>
9.	Identify the proper procedures for handling brake dust.	HP-G
10	. Check for bent or damaged brake system components.	HP-G

11. Demonstrate an understanding of various types of advanced braking systems	
(ABS, electronic parking brake, hydraulic, electronic, traction and stability	
control).	HP-G
III. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	
E. Heating and Air Conditioning	
1. Identify and comply with environmental regulations relating to refrigerants	
and coolants.	HP-G
2. Maintain and verify correct operation of certified refrigerant recovery and	
recharging equipment.	HP-G
3. Locate and identify A/C system service ports.	HP-I
Identify type of refrigerant contamination in the system.,	HP-G
4. <u>-rRecover, label, and recycle refrigerant from an A/C system</u> .	<u>HP-G</u>
4. Recover, label and recycle refrigerant from an A/C system. Perform sealant	
test.	<u>HP-G</u>
	HP-I
5. Select refrigerant, evacuate, and recharge A/C system.	<u>HP-G</u>
	HP I
6. Select oil type and install correct amount in A/C system.	<u>HP-G</u>
7. Inspect, adjust, and replace A/C compressor drive belts; check pulley	
alignment.	HP-G

8. Remove and replace A/C compressor; inspect, repair or replace A/C compressor mount.	HP-G
9. Inspect, repair or replace A/C system mufflers, hoses, lines, fittings, orifice	
tube, expansion valve, and seals.	HP-G
10. Inspect, test, and replace A/C system condenser and mounts.	HP-G
11. Inspect and replace receiver/drier or accumulator/drier.	HP-G
12. Inspect and repair A/C component wiring.	HP-G
12 Demonstrate on understanding of sofe handling procedures associated with	
13. Demonstrate an understanding of safe handling procedures associated with	
high voltage A/C compressors and wiring.	HP-G
14. Inspect and protect open A/C system components from contaminants during	
repairs.	HP-G
III. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	
F. Cooling Systems	
1. Check engine cooling and heater system hoses and belts; determine	
necessary action.	HP-I
2. Inspect, test, remove, and replace radiator, pressure cap, coolant system	
components, and water pump.	HP-G

3.	Recover, refill, and bleed system with proper coolant and check level of	
	protection; leak test system and dispose of materials in accordance with EPA	
	regulations.	HP-I
4.	Remove, inspect and replace fan (both electrical and mechanical), fan	
	sensors, fan pulley, fan clutch, and fan shroud; check operation.	HP-G
5.	Inspect, remove, and replace auxiliary oil/fluid coolers; check oil levels.	HP-G
6.	Demonstrate an understanding of hybrid/electric cooling systems.	HP-G
III.]	MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	
G.	Drive Train	
1.	Remove, replace, and adjust shift or clutch linkage as required.	HP-G
2.	Remove and replace electronic sensors, wires, and connectors.	HP-G
3.	Remove and reinstall powertrain assembly; inspect, replace, and align	
	powertrain mounts.	HP-G
4.	Remove and replace drive axle assembly.	HP-G
5.	Inspect, remove and replace half shafts and axle constant velocity (CV)	
	joints.	HP-G
6.	Inspect, remove and replace drive shafts and universal joints.	HP-G
7.	Demonstrate an understanding of safe handling procedures associated with	
	high voltage powertrain components.	HP-G

III. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

H. Fuel, Intake and Exhaust Systems

1.	Inspect, remove and replace exhaust pipes, mufflers, converters, resonators, tail pipes, and heat shields.	HP-G
2.	Inspect, remove and replace fuel/DEF tank, tank filter, cap, filler hose, pump/sending unit and inertia switch; inspect and replace fuel lines and	
	hoses.	HP-G
3.	Inspect, remove and replace engine components of air intake components.	HP-G
4.	Inspect, remove and replace canister, filter, vent, and purge lines of fuel	
	vapor (EVAP) control systems.	HP-G
III.	MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS	
I.	Restraint Systems	
1.	Inspect, remove, and replace seatbelt and shoulder harness assembly and	
	components.	HP-G
2.	Inspect restraint system mounting areas for damage; repair as needed.	HP-G
3.	Inspect the operation of the seatbelt system.	HP-I
4.	Disable and enable Supplemental Restraint System (SRS).	HP-G
5.	Inspect, protect, remove and replace Supplemental Restraint Systems (SRS)	

sensors and wiring; ensure sensor orientation. HP-G

6.	Verify that Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) is operational.	HP-I	
7.	Inspect, remove, replace and dispose of deployed and non-deployed airbag(s)		
	and pretensioners.	HP-G	
8.	Use Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC) to diagnose and repair the		
	Supplemental Restraint System (SRS).	HP-G	
			ME Tasks
9.	Demonstrate an understanding of advanced restraint and occupant		<u>34</u>
	classification systems (OCS).	HP-G	HP-I <u>31</u> 37
			<u>81</u>
			HP-G <u>83</u> 73
		HP-G	
10	Identify components of Supplemental Restraint Systems (SRS).	<u>HP-I</u>	<u>115 114</u> 110

PAINTING AND REFINISHING

For every task in Painting and Refinishing, the following safety requirements must be strictly enforced:

Comply with personal and environmental safety practices associated with clothing and the use of gloves; respiratory protection; eye protection; proper Personal Protection Equipment (PPE); hand tools; power equipment; proper ventilation; and the handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals/materials in accordance with local, state, and federal safety and environmental regulations. Identify vehicle system hazard typesprecautions and/or inspections to include but not limited to (Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Inspection, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles), locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing components.

IV. PAINTING AND REFINISHING

A. Restraint SystemsSafety Precautions

1.	Select and use proper personal safety equipment; take necessary precautions	
	with hazardous operations and materials according to federal, state, and local	
	regulations.	HP-I
<u>1.</u>	Select and use the proper personal safety equipment for surface preparation,	
	spray gun and related equipment operation, paint mixing, matching and	
	application, paint defects, and detailing (gloves, suits, hoods, eye and ear	
	protection, etc.); take necessary precautions with hazardous operations and	
	materials according to federal, state, and local regulations.	<u>HP-I</u>
2	Identify safety and personal health hazards according to OSHA guidelines	
2.	and the "Right to Know Law".	HP-I
		111 1
3.	Inspect spray environment and equipment to ensure compliance with federal,	
	state and local regulations, and for safety and cleanliness hazards.	HP-I
4.	Select and use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator. Inspect condition	
	and ensure fit and operation. Perform proper maintenance in accordance with	
	OSHA Regulation 1910.134 and applicable state and local regulation.	HP-I
_		
). 4	L.Select and use a NIOSH approved supplied air (Fresh Air Make-up) respirator	
	system. Perform proper maintenance in accordance with OSHA Regulation	
	1910.134 and applicable state and local regulation	HP-I
<u>5.</u>	Perform vehicle clean-up; complete quality control using a checklist on	
	operations performed.	<u>HP-I</u>

6. Select and use the proper personal safety equipment for surface preparation,
 spray gun and related equipment operation, paint mixing, matching and
 application, paint defects, and detailing (gloves, suits, hoods, eye and ear
 protection, etc.).

IV. PAINTING AND REFINISHING

B. Surface Preparation

1.	Inspect, remove, store, protect, and replace exterior trim and components	
	necessary for proper surface preparation.	HP-I
2.	Soap and water wash entire vehicle; use appropriate cleaner to remove	
	contaminants.	HP-I
3.	Inspect and identify type of finish, surface condition, and film thickness;	HP-G
	develop and document a plan for refinishing using a total product system.	<u>HP-I</u>
4.	Remove paint finish as needed.	HP-I
5.	Dry or wetProperly sand areas to be refinished.	HP-I
6.	Identify and select appropriate sand-paper to Ffeatheredge areas to be	
	refinished.	HP-I
7.	Apply suitable metal treatment or primer in accordance with total product	
	systems.	HP-I
8.	Mask and protect other areas that will not be refinished.	HP-I

9. Demonstrate different masking techniques (recess/back masking, foam door	HP-G
type, etc.).	<u>HP-I</u>
10 Mix primer primer surfaces and primer scalar following point manufacturers	
10. Mix primer, primer-surfacer and primer-sealer <u>following paint manufacturers</u>	
technical data sheet instructions	HP-I
11. Identify a complimentary color or shade of undercoat to improve coverage.	HP-G
12. Apply primer onto surface of repaired area; demonstrating control of primer	
application by keeping the areas small as possible.	HP-I
13. Apply two-component finishing filler to minor surface imperfections.	HP-I
13. Apply two-component miniming finer to minor surface imperfections.	111 -1
14. Guide coat and Bblock sand area with correct grade/grit sandpaper to which	
primer-surfacer has been applied.	HP-I
15. Dry sand area to which two-component finishing filler has been applied.	HP-I
16. Remove dust from area to be refinished, including cracks or moldings of	
adjacent areas.	HP-I
17. Clean area to be refinished using a recommended final cleaning solution.	HP-I
18. Remove, with a tack rag, any dust or lint particles from the area to be	
refinished.	HP-I
iennished.	111 -1
19. Apply suitable primer sealer to the area being refinished.	HP-I
20. Scuff sand to remove nibs or imperfections from a sealer.	HP-I

21. Apply stone chip resistant coating.	HP-G
22. Identify chip resistant coatings and texture match techniquesRestore caulking	
and seam sealers repaired areas and replacement panels as required.	<u>HP-G</u>
23. Identify caulking and seam sealers. Prepare adjacent panels for blending using paint manufacturers procedures.	<u>HP-GI</u>
22.24. <u>Restore caulking and seam sealers to repaired areas. Identify the types</u>	
of rigid, semi-rigid or flexible plastic parts to be refinished; determine the	
materials needed, preparation, and refinishing procedures.	HP- <mark>GI</mark>
23.25. Prepare adjacent panels for blending using paint manufactures	
recommended procedures. Identify metal parts to be refinished; determine the	
materials needed, preparation, and refinishing procedures.	HP-I
24.26. Identify chip resistant coatings and texture match. the types of rigid,	
semi-rigid or flexible plastic parts to be refinished; determine the materials	
needed, preparation, and refinishing procedures.	HP- <mark>IG</mark>
25.27. Identify <u>caulking and seam sealers that may need replacement.</u> metal	
parts to be refinished; determine the materials needed, preparation, and	
refinishing procedures.	HP- <mark>IG</mark>
28. Identify refinishing guidelines for stationary fixed glass flange or stationary	
areas to be refinished.	<u>HP-I</u>

IV. PAINTING AND REFINISHING

C. Spray Gun and Related Equipment Operation

- Inspect, clean, and determine condition of spray guns and related equipment (air hoses, regulators, air lines, air source, and spray environment, and fillers). HP-I
- Select spray gun setup (fluid needle, nozzle, and cap) for product being applied. HP-I
 Test and adjust spray gun using fluid, air and pattern control valves. HP-I
 Demonstrate an understanding of the operation of pressure spray equipment. HP-G
 IV. PAINTING AND REFINISHING
 Paint Mixing, Matching, and Applying
 Identify color code by manufacturer's vehicle information label. HP-I
 Shake, stir, reduce, catalyze/activate, and strain refinish materials. HP-I
 - Apply finish using appropriate spray techniques (gun arc, angle, distance, travel speed, and spray pattern overlap) for the finish being applied.
 HP-I
 - Apply selected product on test or let-down panel; check for color match,
 properly store and maintain a color catalog.
 HP-I
 - 5. <u>Apply Understand the application of single stage topcoats</u>. HP-G
 - Apply basecoat/clearcoat for panel blending, and panel refinishing and cutin's.
 HP-I
 - 7. Apply basecoat/clearcoat for overall refinishing. HP-G

8. Remove nibs or imperfections from basecoat.	HP-I
	HP-G
9. Identify product expiration dates as applicable.	<u>HP-I</u>
10. Refinish plastic parts.	HP-I
11. Apply multi-stage coats for panel blending and overall refinishing.	HP-G
12. Identify and mix paint using a formula.	HP-I
13. Identify poor hiding colors; determine necessary action.	HP-G
	HP-I
14. Tint color using formula to achieve a blendable match.	<u>HP-G</u>
15. Identify alternative color formula to achieve a blendable match.	HP-I
16. Identify the materials, equipment, and preparation differences between	
solvent and waterborne technologies.	HP-G
IV. PAINTING AND REFINISHING	
E. Paint Defects - Causes and Cures	
1. Identify blistering (raising of the paint surface, air entrapment); correct the	
cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
2. Identify a dry spray appearance in the paint surface; correct the cause(s) and	
the condition.	HP-I

3.	Identify the presence of fish-eyes (crater-like openings) in the finish; correct	
	the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-I
4.	Identify lifting; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
5.	Identify clouding (mottling and streaking in metallic finishes); correct the	
	cause(s) and the condition.	HP-I
6.	Identify orange peel; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-I
7.	Identify overspray; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-I
8.	Identify solvent popping in freshly painted surface; correct the cause(s) and	
	the condition.	HP-G
9.	Identify sags and runs in paint surface; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-I
10	. Identify sanding marks or sandscratch swelling; correct the cause(s) and the	
	condition.	HP-I
11	. Identify contour mapping/edge mapping; correct the cause(s) and the	
	condition.	HP-G
12	. Identify color difference (off-shade); correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
13	. Identify tape tracking; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
14	. Identify low gloss condition; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
15	. Identify poor adhesion; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G

16. Identify paint cracking (shrinking, splitting, crowsfeet or line-checking,	
micro-checking, etc.); correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
17. Identify corrosion; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
18. Identify dirt or dust in the paint surface; correct the cause(s) and the	
condition.	HP-I
19. Identify water spotting; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
20. Identify finish damage caused by bird droppings, tree sap, and other natural	
causes; correct the condition.	HP-G
21. Identify finish damage caused by airborne contaminants (acids, soot, rail dust,	
and other industrial-related causes); correct the condition.	HP-G
22. Identify die-back conditions (dulling of the paint film showing haziness);	
correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
23. Identify chalking (oxidation); correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
24. Identify bleed-through (staining); correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
25. Identify pin-holing; correct the cause(s) and the condition.	HP-G
26. Identify buffing-related imperfections (swirl marks, wheel burns); correct the	
condition.	HP-I
27. Identify pigment flotation (color change through film build); correct the	
	HP-G

IV. PAINTING AND REFINISHING

F. Final Detail

1. Apply decals, transfers, tapes, stone guards, moldings, and		
emblemswoodgrains, pinstripes (painted and taped), etc.	HP-G	
2. Sand, buff and polish fresh <u>finish</u> or existing finish to remove defects <u>and</u>		
texture as required.	HP-I	
3. Sand, buff and polish existing finish to recondition defects as required, match		
existing finish.	<u>HP-I</u>	
3.4. Clean interior, exterior, and glass.	HP-I	
4.5 Clean hady energines (deepiembs, some and adapts, etc.)	HP-I	
4. <u>5.</u> Clean body openings (door jambs, <u>gaps</u> , and edges, etc.).	ПР-I	
		PR Tasks
5. <u>6.</u> Remove overspray.	HP-I	HP-I <u>57</u> 53
		HP-G <u>3031</u> 31
6.7. Perform vehicle clean-up; complete quality control using a checklist. on		
operations performed.	HP-I	<u>87 88</u> 84
8. Measure and record film thickness before and after buffing.		
9. Perform nib sanding to remove small imperfections as required. HP-I	<u>HP-I</u>	

DAMAGE ANALYSIS, ESTIMATING AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

For every task in Damage Analysis, Estimating and Customer Service the following safety requirements must be strictly enforced:

Comply with personal and environmental safety practices associated with <u>elothing and the use of gloves</u>; respiratory protection; eye protection<u>proper Personal Protection Equipment (PPE)</u>; hand tools; power equipment; proper ventilation; and the handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals/materials in accordance with local, state, and federal safety and environmental regulations. Identify vehicle system hazard types (precautions and/or inspections to include but not limited to: Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) <u>Inspection</u>, <u>Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS)</u>, hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles), locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing components.

V. DAMAGE ANALYSIS, ESTIMATING, AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

A. Safety Precautions

1.	Select and use proper personal safety equipment; take necessary precautions	
	with hazardous operations and materials in accordance with federal, state, and	
	local regulations.	HP-I
2.	Locate OEM procedures to identify material and composition of the vehicle	
	being repaired (mild steel, high strength steel, ultra-high strength steel,	
	aluminum, etc.).	<u>HP-I</u>
<u>2.3</u>	Locate procedures and precautions that may apply to the vehicle being	
	repaired.	HP-I
<u>3.4</u>	Identify vehicle system hazard typesprecautions and/or inspections to include	
	but not limited to (supplemental restraint system (SRS), advanced drive	
	assistance systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles),	
	locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing	
	components.	HP-I

	<u>5.</u>	Perform vehicle clean-up; complete quality control using a checklist on	
		operations performed.	<u>HP-I</u>
	4.	Select and use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator. Inspect condition	
		and ensure fit and operation. Perform proper maintenance in accordance with	
		OSHA regulation 1910.134 and applicable state and local regulation.	HP-I
v.	D	AMAGE ANALYSIS, ESTIMATING, AND CUSTOMER SERVICE	
	B.	Damage Analysis	
	1.	Position the vehicle for inspection <u>under proper lighting; take photos to</u>	HP-G
		identify the vehicle and document damage.	<u>HP-I</u>
	2.	Prepare vehicle for inspection by providingIdentify components to be	
		removed to gain access to damaged areas.	HP-G
			HP-I
	3.	Analyze damage to determine appropriate methods for overall repairs.	<u>HP-G</u>
	4.	Determine the direction, point(s) of impact, and extent of direct, indirect, and	
		inertia damage.	HP-G
	5.	Gather details of the incident/accident necessary to determine the full extent	
		of vehicle damage.	HP-G
			HP-I
	6.	Identify and record pre-existing damage.	<u>HP-G</u>
	7.	Identify and record prior repairs.	HP-G

40

8. Perform visual inspection of structural components.	HP-G
9. Identify structural damage using measuring tools and equipment.	HP-I
10. Perform visual inspection of non-structural components.	HP-I
11. Determine parts, components, material type(s) and procedures necessary for a proper repair.	HP-I
12. Identify type and condition of finish; determine if refinishing isrefinish labor operations as required.	HP-I
13. Identify suspension, electrical, and mechanical component physical damage.	HP-G
14. Identify safety systems physical damage.	HP-G
14. Identify safety systems physical damage.15. Identify interior component damage.	HP-G HP-I <u>HP-G</u>
	HP-I
15. Identify interior component damage.	HP-I <u>HP-G</u>
 15. Identify interior component damage. 16. Identify damage to add-on accessories and modifications. 	HP-I HP-G HP-G
 15. Identify interior component damage. 16. Identify damage to add-on accessories and modifications. 17. Identify single (one time) use components. 	HP-G HP-G HP-G
 15. Identify interior component damage. 16. Identify damage to add-on accessories and modifications. 17. Identify single (one time) use components. 18. Identify and document illuminated dash malfunction indicator lamp(s) (MIL). 	HP-G HP-G HP-G

V. DAMAGE ANALYSIS, ESTIMATING, AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

C. Estimating

1.	Determine and record customer/vehicle owner information.	HP-I
2.	Identify and record vehicle identification number (VIN) information,	
	including nation of origin, make, model, restraint system, body type,	
	production date, engine type, build data, and assembly plant.	HP-I
3.	Identify and record vehicle mileage and options, including trim level, paint	
	code, transmission, accessories, and modifications.	HP-I
4.	Identify safety systems; determine precautions, inspections and replacement	
	items as required.	HP-G
5.	Apply appropriate estimating and parts nomenclature (terminology).	HP-I
6.	Determine and apply appropriate estimating sequence.	HP-I
7.	Utilize estimating guide procedure pages.	HP-I
8.	Apply estimating guide footnotes, and headnotes, and line notes as needed.	HP-I
9.	Identify operations requiring labor value judgment.	HP-G
10.	. Select appropriate labor <u>code</u> value for each operation (structural, non-	
	structural, mechanical, and refinish).	HP-I
11.	. Select and price the different part options, including- OEM parts, optional	
	OEM parts, aftermarket parts, recycleable/used parts, remanufactured, rebuilt,	
	and reconditioned parts; verify <u>aftermarket, recyclable/used parts</u> availability,	
	compatibility, and condition.	HP-G

12. Select and price alternative/optional OEM parts; verify availability,	
compatibility and condition.	HP-G
13. Select and price aftermarket parts; verify availability, compatibility, and	
condition.	HP-G
14. Select and price recyclable/used parts; verify availability, compatibility and	
condition.	HP-G
15. Select and price remanufactured, rebuilt, and reconditioned parts; verify	
availability, compatibility and condition.	HP-G
16.12. Determine price and source of necessary Determine necessary sublet	
	HP-G
operations.	nr-0
17.13. Determine labor value, prices, charges, allowances, or fees for non-	
included included and non-included operations and miscellaneous items.	HP-G
18.14. Recognize and apply overlap deductions., included operations, and	
additions.	HP-I
<u>19.15.</u> Determine additional material and charges.	HP-G
20. <u>16.</u> Determine refinishing material and charges.	HP-I
21.17. Apply math skills to establish charges and totals.	HP-I
22. <u>18.</u> Identify procedural differences between computer generated and	
manually written estimates.	HP-G

2	3.<u>19.</u>	_Identify procedures to restore corrosion protection; establish labor	
	value	s, and material charges.	HP-G
	Revie	ew damage report and analyze damage to determine appropriate repair.	<u>HP-?</u>
2	4. <u>20.</u>	<u>Determine Recognize</u> the cost effectiveness of the repair and	
	deteri	mine the approximate vehicle retail, and repair value.	HP-G
2	5. 21.	Recognize the differences in estimation proceduresestimating	
	<u>platfo</u>	orms when using different information provider systems.	HP-G
2	.6. 22.	Verify accuracy of estimate compared to the actual repair and	
	replac	cement operations.	HP-G
2	3. Deter	mine telematic/connectivity of the vehicle and place vehicle in service	
	mode	<u>-</u>	<u>HP-G</u>
2	4. Identi	ify vehicle safety recalls using the vehicle identification number (VIN).	
2	5. Revie	ew damage report and analyze damage to determine appropriate methods	
	for ov	verall repair; communicate with team members to verify accuracy and	
	resolv	ve discrepancies. HP-I	<u>HP-G</u>
V.]	DAMA(GE ANALYSIS, ESTIMATING, AND CUSTOMER SERVICE	
Ι). Vehio	cle Construction and Parts Identification	
1	. Identi	ify type of vehicle construction (space frame, unibody, body-over-	
	frame	e).	HP-G
2	. Reco	gnize the different collision damage characteristics of space	
	frame	, <u>between</u> unibody, and body-over-frame vehicles.	HP-G

3. Identify impact energy absorbing components.	HP-G
4. Identify steel types; different types of substrates (steel types, aluminum,	
magnesium, plastic, composites, etc.); determine repairability.	HP-G
5. Identify aluminum/magnesium components; determine repairability.	HP-G
6. Identify plastic/composite components; determine repairability.	HP-G
7.5.Identify vehicle glass components and repair/replacement procedures.	HP-G
8. <u>6.</u> Identify add-on accessories.	HP-G
V. DAMAGE ANALYSIS, ESTIMATING, AND CUSTOMER SERVICE	
E. Customer Relations and Sales Skills	
1. Introduce yourself, Aacknowledge and/or greet customer/client/visitor; offer	
assistance.	HP-I
	HP-I
assistance.	HP-I HP-I
assistance.2. Listen to customer/client; collect information and identify customers/client's	
 assistance. 2. Listen to customer/client; collect information and identify customers/client's concerns, needs and expectations. 	HP-I
 assistance. 2. Listen to customer/client; collect information and identify customers/client's concerns, needs and expectations. 3. Establish cooperative attitude with customer/client. 	HP-I HP-I
 assistance. Listen to customer/client; collect information and identify customers/client's concerns, needs and expectations. Establish cooperative attitude with customer/client. Identify yourself to customer/client; offer assistance. 	HP-I HP-I HP-I

7.6.Recognize basic claims handling procedures; explain to customer/client.	HP-G	
8.7. Project positive attitude and professional appearance.	HP-I	
	HP-I	
9.8. Provide and review warranty information.	<u>HP-G</u>	
<u>10.9.</u> Provide and review technical and consumer protection information.	HP-G	
<u>11.10.</u> Estimate and explain duration of out-of-service time.	HP-G	
		DAECS
<u>12.11</u> . Demonstrate negotiation skills to obtain a mutual agreement.	HP-G	Tasks
		HP-I <u>28</u> 30
13.12. Interpret and explain manual or computer-assisted estimate to		HP-G <u>3839</u>
customer/client.	HP-I	<u>66 67</u> 68

WELDING, CUTTING, AND JOINING

For every task in Welding, Cutting and Joining the following safety requirements must be strictly enforced:

Comply with personal and environmental safety practices associated with clothing and the use of gloves; respiratory protection; eye protectionproper Personal Protection Equipment (PPE); hand tools; power equipment; proper ventilation; and the handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals/materials in accordance with local, state, and federal safety and environmental regulations. Identify vehicle system hazard typesprecautions and/or inspections including but not limited to (Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Inspection, Advanced Drive Assistance Systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles), locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing components.

VI. WELDING, CUTTING, AND JOINING

A. Safety Precautions

1. Select and use proper personal safety equipment; take necessary precautions	
with hazardous operations and materials in accordance with federal, state, and	
local regulations.	HP-I
2. Locate OEM procedures to identify materials and composition of the vehicle	
being repaired (mild steel, high strength steel, ultra-high strength steel,	
<u>aluminum, etc.).</u>	<u>HP-I</u>
2.3. Locate procedures and precautions that may apply to the vehicle being	
repaired.	HP-I
3.4.Identify vehicle system hazard typesprecautions and/or inspections to include	
but not limited to (supplemental restraint system (SRS), advanced driver	
assistance systems (ADAS), hybrid/electric/alternative fuel vehicles),	
locations and recommended procedures before inspecting or replacing	
components.	HP-I
5. Perform vehicle clean-up; complete quality control using a checklist on	
operations performed.	<u>HP-I</u>
4. Select and use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator. Inspect condition	
and ensure fit and operation. Perform proper maintenance in accordance with	
OSHA regulation 1910.134 and applicable state and local regulation.	HP-I
VI. WELDING, CUTTING, AND JOINING	

B. Metal Welding, Cutting, and Joining

1.	Identify the considerations for cutting, removing, and welding various types	
	of steel, aluminum, and other metals.	HP-G
2.	Determine the correct GMAW welder type, electrode/wire type, diameter, and	
	gas to be used in a specific welding situation.	HP-I
3.	Set up, attach work clamp (ground), and adjust the GMAW welder to "tune"	
	for proper electrode stickout, voltage, polarity, flow rate, and wire-feed speed	
	required for the substrate being welded.	HP-I
4.	Store, handle, and install high-pressure gas cylinders; test for leaks.	HP-I
5.	Determine the proper angle of the gun to the joint and direction of gun travel	HP-G
	for the type of weld being made.	<u>HP-I</u>
6.	Protect adjacent panels, glass, vehicle interior, etc. from welding and cutting	HP-I
	operations.	<u>HP-G</u>
7.	Identify hazards; foam coatings and flammable materials prior to	
	welding/cutting procedures.	HP-G
8.	Protect computers and other electronics/wires during prior to welding	HP-I
	procedures.	<u>HP-G</u>
9.	Clean and prepare the metal to be welded, assure good metal fit-up, apply	
	weld-through primer if necessary, clamp or tack as required.	HP-I
10.	Determine the joint type (butt weld with backing, lap, etc.) for weld being	
	made.	HP-I

11. Determine the type of weld (continuous, stitch weld, plug, etc.) for each			
specific welding operation.	HP-I		
12. Perform the following welds: plug, butt weld with and without backing, and			
fillet etc., in the flat, horizontal, vertical, and overhead positions.	HP-I		
13. Perform visual evaluation and destructive test on each weld type.	HP-I		
14. Identify the causes of various welding defects; make necessary adjustments.	HP-I		
15. Identify cause of contact tip burn-back and failure of wire to feed; make			
necessary adjustments.	HP-I		
16. Identify cutting process for different substrates and locations; perform cutting			
operation.	HP-I	Welding	Tasks
		HP-I	<u>16</u> 17
17. Identify different methods of attaching structural components (squeeze type		HP-G	<u>5</u> 4
resistance spot welding (STRSW), riveting, structural adhesive, MIG bronze,			
rivet bonding, weld bonding, etc.).	HP-G		21

Workplace Employability Skills

Personal Standards (see Standard 7.9)

- 1. Reports to work daily on time; able to take directions and motivated to accomplish the task at hand.
- 2. Dresses appropriately and uses language and manners suitable for the workplace.
- 3. Maintains appropriate personal hygiene appropriate to the workplace.

- 4. Meets and maintains employment eligibility criteria, such as drug/alcohol-free status, clean driving record, etc.
- 5. Demonstrates honesty, integrity and reliability.

Work Habits / Ethic (see Standard 7.10)

- 1. Complies with workplace policies/laws.
- 2. Contributes to the success of the team, assists others and requests help when needed.
- 3. Works well with all customers and coworkers.
- 4. Negotiates solutions to interpersonal and workplace conflicts.
- 5. Contributes ideas and initiatives.
- 6. Follows directions.
- 7. Communicates (written and verbal) effectively with customers and coworkers.
- 8. Reads and interprets workplace documents; writes clearly and concisely.
- 9. Analyzes and resolves problems that arise in completing assigned tasks.

- 10. Organizes and implements a productive plan of work.
- 11. Uses scientific, technical, engineering and mathematics <u>(STEM)</u> principles and reasoning to accomplish assigned tasks.
- <u>12.</u> Identifies and addresses the needs of all customers, providing helpful, courteous and knowledgeable service and advice as needed.
- **12.**13. Respectful of tools and property used in school and the workplace environment.

TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

Local employer needs and the availability of funds are key factors for determining each program's structure and operation. The ASE Education Foundation Program Standards recognize that not all programs have the same needs, nor do all programs teach 100 % of the collision repair & refinish tasks. Therefore, the basic philosophy for the tools and equipment requirement is as follows: *for all tasks which are taught in the program, the training should be as thorough as possible with the tools and equipment necessary for those tasks*. In other words, if a program does not teach a particular task, the tool from the tool list associated with that task is not required.

The tool lists are organized into three basic categories: *Hand Tools, General Lab/Shop Equipment,* and *Specialty Tools and Equipment.* The specialty tools and equipment section is further separated into the four Collision Repair & Refinish Accreditation task categories. When referring to the tools and equipment list, please note the following:

- A. The organization of the tool list is not intended to dictate how a program organizes its tool crib or student tool sets (i.e., which tools should be in a student set, if utilized, and which should be in the tool crib or shop area).
- B. Quantities for each tool or piece of equipment are determined by the program needs; however, sufficient quantities to provide quality instruction should be on hand.
- C. For *Specialty Tools and Equipment by Area*, the program need only have those tools for the areas being accredited.
- D. Programs may meet the equipment requirements by borrowing special equipment or providing for offsite instruction (e.g., in a dealership or independent repair shop). Use of borrowed or off-site equipment *must* be appropriately documented.
- E. No specific brand names for tools and equipment are specified or required.
- F. Although the Program Standards recommend that programs encourage students to begin to build their own tool sets, this is not a requirement. However, many employers require an entry-level technician to provide his/her own basic hand tool set.

HAND TOOLS

(Contained in individual sets or the tool crib in sufficient quantities to permit efficient instruction)

Adjustable Wrenches – 6" and 12"	Slip Joint (Water Pump)
Allen (Wrench or Socket) Set – Standard	Snap Ring Plier Set - internal and
(.050"-3/8")	external
Allen (Wrench or Socket) Set – Metric (2mm -	
7mm)	Punch Set
Chisel Set	Screwdriver - Blade Type:
Combination Wrenches:	Stubby
Standard (1/4" - 1") (optional)	6", 9", 12"
Metric (7mm - 19<u>24</u>mm)	Offset
Crowfoot Wrench Set – Metric (optional)	Screwdrivers - Phillips:
Crowfoot Wrench Set – Standard (optional)	Stubby #1, #2
Drill Motors – 3/8" and 1/2" variable speed,	
reversible	6" #1, #2
Flare Nut (tubing) Wrenches:	12" #3
Standard 3/8" – 3/4" (optional)	Offset #2
Metric 10mm – 17mm	Screwdrivers - Posidrive Set #1, #2, #3, #4
Flashlight and batteries	Torx® Set:
Hack Saw and blades	T8, T10, T15, T20, T25, T27, T30, T40, T50, T55
Hammers:	Torx® External Set:
16 oz. Ball Peen	E8, E10, E15, E20, E27, E30, E40, E45, E50, E55
Brass	Screw Extractor Set
Dead Blow Mallet	Screw Starter:
Plastic Tip	Phillips
Sledge	Standard
Soft Faced	Socket Set - 1/4" Drive:
Rubber Mallet Ignition Wrench Set – Standard (optional) and	1/4" - 1/2" Standard Depth (optional)
Metric	1/4" - 1/2" Deep (optional)
Impact Wrenches – 3/8" and 1/2"	6mm - 12mm Standard Depth (optional)
Inspection Mirror	6mm - 12mm Deep
	Flex/Universal Type - Metric (standard
Pickup Tool – Magnetic and Claw type	optional)
Pliers:	Universal Joint
Combination	3", 6" Extensions
Hose Clamp	Ratchet
Locking Jaw	
Needle Nose	
Side Cutting	

Socket Set - 3/8" Drive:	
5/16" - 3/4" Standard Depth (6 point)	
(optional)	
3/8" - 3/4" Deep (6 point) (optional)	
9mm - 19mm Standard Depth (optional)	
9mm - 19mm Deep	
3", 6", 12", 18" Extensions	
Flexhead Ratchet	
Impact Sockets - 3/8" - 3/4" Standard (optional)	
Impact Sockets - 10mm - 19mm	
Impact Driver	
Ratchet	
Universal Joint	
Socket Set - 1/2" Drive:	
7/16" - 1 1/8" Standard Depth (optional)	
7/16" - 1 1/8" Deep (optional)	
10mm - 25mm Standard Depth (optional)	
10mm - 25mm Deep	
5", 10" Extensions	
Flex Handle (Breaker Bar)	
Impact Sockets Standard 7/16" - 1 1/8" (optional)	
Impact Sockets 12mm - 32mm	
Impact Driver	
Ratchet	
Torque Wrenches (Sound/Click)_Type:	
3/8" Drive in. lb. (30 - 250)	
3/8" Drive ft. lb. (5 - 75)	
1/2" Drive ft. lb. (50 - 250)	

GENERAL LAB/SHOP EQUIPMENT

The tools and equipment on this list are used in general lab/shop work but are not generally

considered to be individually owned hand tools. A well-equipped, accredited program should have all

of these general tools and equipment readily available, in proper working order, and in sufficient

quantity to provide quality instruction.

Air Blow Guns - OSHA Standard	Sponges
Air System - Air Compressor	Step Ladder
Air Hoses - with quick release couplings	Storage Cabinets
Air Lines	Towels
	Trash Cans in accordance with local, state,
Regulator	and federal regulations
Water Extractors	Trouble/Work Lights – non-incandescent
Air Transformer/Regulators	Wet/Dry Shop VacVacuum Cleaner
Aluminum Dust Extraction System - Wet	
Mix Technology (Optional) Water Hose	Water Hose
Chamois (synthetic)	Water Hose Nozzle
Coolant Drain Pan	Work Benches – steel top with vice
Corrosion Protection Application Equipment	Work Stands - portable
Creepers	Wheel Caster System (Wheel Dollies)
Exhaust Fans	
Grounded Extension Cords	
Heat Lamp	
Hood Props	
Infrared Non-Contact Thermometer	
Jack Stands	
Nozzle	
Oil Drain/Storage Pan	
Overhead Ventilation - for welding area	
Part Cart	
Powered Vehicle Mover (recommended)	
Pressure Washer (optional)	
Shammies	
Service Jacks	
Shop Brooms	
Dust Pans	
Floor Squeegee	
Floor Mop and Bucket	

SPECIAL SAFETY ITEMS

(All equipment must meet or exceed federal, state, and local regulations.)

Bloodborn <u>e</u> Pathogen Kit	
*Ear Protection - for students, instructors,	
and visitors	
Eye Wash Basin	
Eye Wash Station, portable (saline)	
Fire Extinguishers - by type as required	
First Aid Kit (per written first aid policy)	
Flammable Material Storage Locker –	
meeting fire and building codes	
Hazardous Spill Response Kit	
Hybrid/Electric Vehicle Safety Kit (optional)	
Lineman Gloves (for use with hybrid	
vehicles)	
OSHA "Right to Know" Compliance Kit	
Protective Gloves and Clothing - for	
handling paint and related chemicals	
Respiratory Protection Equipment – as	
required by OSHA	
Safety Cans - for solvents, rags, etc.	
*Safety Glasses, Clear and Tinted Face	
Shields, and Goggles - for students,	
instructors, and visitors	
*Safety Shoes - as required	
Safety Shower - as required	
Vacuum System - for air sanders – dust	
extraction vacuum – stand alone or central	* = Individual Student Item
system (recommended)	

MISCELLANEOUS TOOLS

Coulking Cup	
Caulking Gun	Tin Snips
C-clamps – assorted	Tire Pressure Gauge
Drill with applicable bits for spot weld	
removal (carbide)	Tire Inflator
Files - for steel and aluminum	Twist Drill Sets:
Gear Puller Set – heavy duty with	Standard - 1/64" - 1/4" by 1/16" and
attachments	Metric Equivalent
	Standard - 1/4" - 1/2" by 1/16" and Metric
Heat Gun	Equivalent
Hole Saw Set – 1/2" to 2"	Wire Brushes - hand and powered
Lug Wrench	Special Removing and Releasing Tools:
Oil Can (Pump Type)	Door handle removing tool
Panel Splitter (hand held	
blades/accessories)	Door hinge spring and pin remover
	Miscellaneous interior and exterior trim
Pry Bar Set	removing tools
Putty Knife	Moulding removal tools
Rivet Guns - heavy duty blind and large for	Spring lock line removal tool set (A/C,
3/16" and 1/4"	fuel line, etc.)
Sanding Tools - assorted	Stationary glass removal tools (optional)
Scrapers	Windshield wiper removing tool
Scratch Awl	
Tap and Die Sets - Metric (standard	
optional)	
Tape Measure – Standard and Metric	

BODY WORKING TOOLS

Assorted files - for metal and plastic		
finishing, including:	Shrinking	
Body Files	Dollies:	
Hand Sanding Pads	Bumping File	
Metal Files	Dinging Spoon	
Mixing Board	Door skin Dolly	
Sanding Blocks (short and long)	Fender Dolly	
Sanding Boards (short and long)	Inside Heavy Duty Spoon	
Body Hammers:	Inside High Crown	
Cross Chisel	Inside Medium Crown	
Door Skin Hammer	Spoon Dolly ("Dolly on a stick")	
General Purpose Pick	Toe Dolly	
Large Face Finishing	Universal Dolly	
	Filler Spreaders and Applicators – assorted	
Long Pick	types and sizes	
Short Utility Pick	Picks – assorted	

ALUMINUM REPAIR TOOLS (RECOMMENDED)

Abrasives	
BeltSelf-Piercing Rivet Guns	
Dedicated (Clean) Repair Station	
Dent Pulling Equipment	
Dollies	
GMAW Welder Synergic Pulse	
Hammers	
Wet <u>or dry Mix Technology</u> Dust Extraction	
System approved for aluminum	
Body Files	
Stainless Steel Wire Brush	
Die Dye-Penetrantin	

SPECIALTY TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

FOR EACH ACCREDITATION AREA

This section covers the tools and equipment a lab/shop should have for training in any given specialty

area. This equipment is specialized and it must be available in the lab/shop or to the program. No

specific type or brand names are identified because they will vary in each local situation.

For all tasks which are taught in the program, the training should be as thorough as possible with the

tools and equipment necessary for those tasks. In other words, if a program does not teach a

particular task, the tool from the tool list associated with that task is not required.

Air Amplifier/Venturi Style Blower used to	
dry waterborne paint (optional)	Paint Shaker
	Paint Storage Room/Locker in accordance
Air Cap Test Gauge (optional)	with local, state, and federal regulations
	Personal Safety Equipment (painting gloves,
Color-matching Light System	suits, hoods, respirators, etc.)
Electronic Dry Film Thickness Gauge with a	
+ or - of 1/10th of a mil thickness	
capabilities (ferrous/non-ferrous)	Portable Paint Curing Equipment (infrared)
Enclosed Paint Spray Booth to comply with	
local, state and federal regulation	
(downdraft booth recommended)	Positive Pressure Air Respirator
Gun Washer for Waterbase (Optional)	Power Sanders
	Prep Station - (recommended) in accordance
Hand Sanding Pads	with local, state, and federal regulations
Masking Equipment -	Sanding Blocks (short and long)
	Spray Guns - HVLP (high volume low
	pressure) or compliant with high air flow
Car Covers	fittings
	Spray gun cleaning equipment <u>or disposal</u>
	liner cup system in accordance with local,
Paper and Tape Dispenser	state, and federal regulations
Wheel Covers	UV Curing Light (optional)
Paint Mixing Bank with Measuring	
Equipment	Variable Speed Buffer/Polisher
Paint Mixing Room (separate explosion-	
proof room per NFPA regulationsin	
accordance with local, state, and federal	
regulations)	Viscosity Cups

PAINTING AND REFINISHING

<u>Ultrasonic film thickness gauge - plastic</u> (optional)	Waste disposal/recycle program in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations	
Disposable Cup Liner System	Waterborne Spray Gun Equipment (Optional)	
Paint Stand (Assorted)		

NON-STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR (BODY COMPONENTS)

Abreeive Cut off Teel and Dises	Pulling and Holding Equipment Set - to
Abrasive Cut-off Tool and Discs	include:
Anchoring System (recommended)	Body Clamps (recommended)
Car Lift (capable of totally lifting the vehicle) (recommended)	Cable or Chain Ratchet (recommended)
GMAW Welders and accessories (flow	
meter, cart, gas cylinder, nozzle cleaner)	
180M minimum (recommended)	Carbide Bits
Heat Shrinking Tool	Panel Splitter
Plasma Cutting Torch (recommended)	Safety Chains/Cables
Portable Hydraulic Ram - with attachments	Sill Clamps (recommended)
Plastic and Adhesives Tools -	Slide Hammer - complete with attachments
Plastic Welder	Stationary Power Tools -
Die Grinding Tool Set	Bench Grinder
Disc Grinder - 3"	Drill Press (recommended)
Structural Adhesives Guns (dispenser) -	
two-component	Welding Safety Equipment - to include:
Portable Power Tools -	Aprons
Abrasive Blaster and appropriate	
personal safety equipment	
(recommended)	Face Shields
Eraser Wheel	Gloves
Grinders	Goggles
Heat Monitoring Crayons	Helmets
Hole Punch	Jackets
Metal Shears (optional)	Respirators
Mini Belt Sander for Removal of Plug	
Welds	Safety Glasses
Nibbler (optional)	Skull Cap
Power Reciprocating Saw and Blades	Welding Blanket
Sanders	Welding Pliers
Spot Weld Removal Tool (optional)	And all appropriate safety equipment
	Squeeze-type Resistant Spot Welder
	(STRSW) (9,000 amp/344 deca newton
	inverter technology) (recommended)
	Weld-on Pulling Tool and Attachments
	Glue Holed Equipment (optional)

STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DAMAGE REPAIR

Everything listed under Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair (Body Components) plus:

Frame/Unibody Straightening Equipment – Bench/rack or floor-mounted system with multiple pull capacity Body over frame and unibody anchoring	
systems Three-dimensional Measuring System with	
the capability to measure the total vehicle	
Tram Gauges	
Pulling and Holding Equipment Set:	
Body Clamps (recommended)	
Safety Chains/Cables	
Sill Clamps (recommended)	
Heat Monitoring Crayons	
Blind Rivet Tool 3/16" – 1/4" (3,822 lbf. minimum)	
GMAW (Pulse) Welder and accessories (flow meter, cart, gas cylinder and nozzle cleaner) 220 Volt 180 amps	

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

A/C Recycle/Recovery Machine (optional)	Flexible Dial Indicator Gauge (optional)
AGM Battery Charger compatible - with	
boost capability (recommended- Optional)	Jumper Wire Set (with various adapters)
	Laptop with applicable Diagnostic Software &
Battery Post Cleaner	Tools or Scan Tool with OBDII capabilities
Battery Terminal Pliers	Oil Filter Wrenches
	Plugs and Caps for Hydraulic, Fluid and A/C
Battery Terminal Puller	Lines
Brake Bleeder - vacuum assisted	Portable Battery Jump Box
	Pressure Bleeder/Scan Box for bleeding
Brake Spoon	antilock braking system
Chassis Lubricator	Scan Tool with OBDII capabilities
Connector Pick Tool Set	Soldering Gun/Iron
	Vac and Fill Equipment to Extract Fluids (oil,
Coolant Tester	transmission, etc.)
Cooling System Pressure Tester	Wheel Alignment System (4-wheel) (optional)
DMM (Digital Multimeter)	Wire and Terminal Repair Kit
	Tamper Proof Torque Sets T8-T40- Torx ®
	Tamer Proof Set: T8, T10, T15, T20, T27,
	<u>T30, T40</u>
Feeler Gauge (Blade Type):	
.002"040"	
.006mm070mm	

DEFINITIONS – TECHNICAL TERMS

- 1. ABRADE (see SAND)
- <u>ACTIVE SUSPENSION SYSTEM</u> A continuously controlled self-adjusting suspension system.
- 3. <u>ADJUST</u> To bring components or equipment to specified operational settings.
- 4. <u>AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR</u> Uses a filter, cartridge, or canister to remove specific air contaminates by passing ambient air through the purifying element.
- 5. <u>ALIGN (REALIGN)</u> To adjust components to a line or predetermined relative position.
- 6. <u>ANALYZE</u> To examine the relationship of components of an operation.
- 7. ANCHOR To hold in place.
- <u>APPLY</u> To put on, attach, or affix chemicals, components or parts by spraying, brushing, spreading or using hardware.
- 9. <u>BLEED</u> To remove air from a closed system.
- 10. <u>BUFF</u> To remove fine scratches, usually from a painted surface, using a fine abrasive such as compounds and polishes.

- 11. CHECK (SEE VERIFY).
- 12. <u>CLEAN</u> To rid component of extraneous matter for the purpose of reconditioning, repairing, measuring, or reassembling.
- 13. <u>COLD SHRINK</u> To restore contour, shape, and dimensions to stretched sheet metal areas utilizing appropriate hammer and dolly techniques.
- 14. CONDITION To prepare for future action.
- 15. <u>DENIB</u> To remove dust/dirt particles in a painted surface.
- 16. <u>DETERMINE</u> To establish the type and extent of damage to a component or the procedure to be used to affect the necessary repair.
- 17. <u>DEVELOP (PLAN)</u> To identify, arrange or organize the steps or procedural components into a logical sequence of actions.
- 18. <u>DIAGNOSE</u> To locate the root cause or nature of a problem by using a specified procedure.
- 19. EVACUATE To remove air, fluid or vapor from a closed system by use of a vacuum pump.
- 20. <u>FEATHEREDGE</u> To taper and smooth the edges of a damaged area using abrasives.
- 21. <u>FILL (REFILL)</u> To bring fluid level to specified point or volume.

22. FLUSH - To use a fluid to clean an internal system.

23. <u>GRIND</u> - To remove material using a motor-driven abrasive wheel, disk or pad.

- 24. <u>HEAT SHRINK</u> To restore contour, shape and dimensions to stretched sheet metal areas by applying heat and utilizing appropriate hammer and dolly techniques.
- 25. <u>IDENTIFY</u> To establish the identity of a vehicle or component prior to service; to determine the nature or degree of a problem.
- 26. <u>INSPECT (CHECK)</u> To verify condition by performing an operational or comparative examination.
- 27. INSTALL (REINSTALL) To secure or attach a component in its proper position in a system.
- 28. <u>LEAK TEST</u> To check for and/or locate leaks in a component or system.
- 29. LOCATE To find by using tools, measuring instruments, equipment or the senses.
- 30. <u>MASK</u> To protect a component or area from incidental damage from the application of refinishing materials.
- 31. <u>MEASURE</u> To compare existing dimensions to specified dimensions by the use of calibrated instruments and gauges.

- 32. <u>MIX</u> To combine or blend into one mass or mixture.
- 33. <u>PERFORM</u> To accomplish a procedure in accordance with established methods and standards.
- 34. PLAN (see DEVELOP)
- 35. <u>PROTECT</u> To take actions to prevent damage to areas of the vehicles adjacent to the repair area.
- 36. <u>REALIGN</u> (see ALIGN)
- 37. <u>REDUCE</u> To lower the viscosity of a refinishing material.
- 38. <u>REFILL</u> (see FILL)
- 39. <u>REFINISH</u> To apply cleaners, paint, and other finishing materials to the repair areas.

40. <u>REINSTALL</u> - (see INSTALL)

- 41. <u>REMOVE</u> To disconnect and separate a component from a system.
- 42. <u>REPAIR (RESTORE)</u> To return damaged areas to acceptable size, dimensions, shape, performance characteristics and condition.

43. <u>REPLACE</u> - To exchange a damaged component with a new or used component.

44. RESTORE - (SEE REPAIR)

45. <u>ROUGH SAND</u> - To remove body filler, primer/substrate, or finish materials using coarse abrasives.

46. <u>SAND (ABRADE)</u> - To abrade or level the surface.

47. <u>SCUFF</u> - To abrade or degloss a surface for the purpose of adhesion.

48. <u>SELECT</u> - To choose the correct part, tool, equipment or setting during an assembly, adjustment or procedure.

49. <u>SETUP</u> - To select and assemble components, assemblies or parts in order or combination to produce desired results.

50. <u>STORE</u> - To organize and put away parts, hardware, and components for future retrieval and use.

51. <u>STRAIGHTEN</u> - To remove bends, creases, and other damage while returning a component to acceptable size, shape, and condition.

52. <u>STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS</u> - Any part of a vehicle's structure that bears loads, provides strength, and when removed or altered would compromise the integrity of the vehicle.

53. <u>SUBSTRATE</u> - A painted, primed or bare surface.

54. <u>TINT</u> - To adjust the color or hiding ability of refinishing materials.

55. <u>VERIFY (CHECK)</u> - To confirm a condition, adjustment or setting.

56. <u>WASH</u> - To clean by spraying, dipping, rinsing, rubbing or scrubbing.

57. <u>WELD</u> - To join metal or plastic pieces together by using a thermal process, often adding filler material to the joint.

2020 COLLISION REPAIR & REFINISH INSTRUCTOR QUALIFICATION SHEET

Instructor	structor ASE ID# (required)		
(ple	(please print or type) (as it appears on ASE		certificate)
	New instructor with t	he program? No Yes - Hire	e Date:
Curr	ent ASE Certifications:		Valid Until
B-2	Painting & Refinishing		
B-3	Non-Structural Analysis	s & Damage Repair	
B-4	Structural Analysis & Da	amage Repair	
B-5	Mechanical & Electrical	Components	
Please indicate	the areas taught by this ins	structor:	
Painting & Refin	ishing		
Non-Structural A	nalysis & Damage Repair (Bo	ody Components)	
Structural Analys	sis & Damage Repair		
Mechanical & El	ectrical		

COLLISION REPAIR & REFINISH MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The minimum program requirements are identical for initial accreditation and for renewal of accreditation.
- 2. Programs must meet the following hour requirements based on the areas of accreditation sought.

Damage Analysis/Estimating/Customer Service (Required Area)

- 46 hours combined classroom and lab-shop instructional activities

Painting & Refinishing

- 300 hours combined classroom and lab-shop instructional activities

Non-Structural Analysis & Damage Repair

- 300 hours combined classroom and lab-shop instructional activities
- 75 hours of Welding, Cutting & Joining is required

Structural Analysis & Damage Repair (May only add if accrediting in Non-Structural)

- 185 hours combined classroom and lab-shop instructional activities

Mechanical and Electrical Components

- 200 hours combined classroom and lab-shop instructional activities

To achieve MASTER level of accreditation, programs are required to accredit in all areas.

- 3. The average rating on each of Standards 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 must be a four (4) on a five-point scale. The program will not be approved for an on-site evaluation if the average is less than four (4) on any of those standards. The program should make improvements before submitting the application to the ASE Education Foundation for review. A program will be denied accreditation if the on-site evaluation team average rating on Standards 6, 7, 8, 9 or 10 is less than four.
- 4. A "YES" response must be achieved on all six (6) criteria in Standard 12 if the program is using it to meet the instructional hour requirements for the purpose of accreditation. The program will not be approved for an on-site evaluation if it cannot support a "YES" response to each criterion on the program evaluation form. A program will be denied accreditation if the on-site evaluation team does not give a "YES" response to all six (6) criteria in Standard 12. This applies only to programs using the provisions in Standard 12 for the purpose of meeting instructional hour requirements.
- 5. A program may not be approved for an on-site evaluation if the average rating on Standards 1- 5 and 11 is less than a four on a five-point scale. A program may be denied accreditation if the on-site evaluation team average rating on Standards 1 5 and 11 is less than four. Approval for on-site evaluation or accreditation will be made by the ASE Education Foundation, based on the number of standards rated at 4 or 5 as well as the individual rating on any standard rated less than four.
- 6. All instructors must hold current ASE certifications in the collision repair and refinish area(s) in which he/she teaches.
- 7. All instructors must attend a minimum of 20 hours per year of recognized industry update training relevant to the areas in which their program is accredited.

- 8. The program Advisory Committee, consisting of at least 5 members, must conduct at least two working meetings a year. Minutes of the meetings must be provided to the on-site evaluation team for review and must reflect relevant areas of the standards as having been considered by the Advisory Committee.
- 9. The Program Standards recognize that program content requirements vary by program type and by regional employment needs. Therefore, flexibility has been built into the task list by assigning each task a priority type. Items on the Task List are broken down into two categories:
 - High Priority Individual (HP-I) is a task that requires students to demonstrate hands-on competency to the instructor on an individual (one-to-one) basis. Competency in HP-I tasks will indicate to employers that the graduate is skilled in that area. ASE program accreditation requires 95% of the HP-I tasks to be included in the curriculum.
 - High Priority Group (HP-G) is a task that can be taught through the use of video, demonstration, team training, etc. Students should be tested on the information presented, but is not required to demonstrate hands-on competency on an individual (one-to-one) basis.
 Competency in HP-G tasks will indicate to employers that the graduate has been tested on the information, but may not have "hands-on" competency skills. ASE program accreditation requires 90% of the HP-G tasks to be included in the curriculum.
- 10. A program that does not meet the minimum hour requirements may be eligible for accreditation if both of the following conditions are met for the areas of accreditation being sought:
 - a. Show evidence that all graduates from the previous academic year have taken the professional level ASE certification examination, and

- b. Show documentation that 75% of those graduates passed the professional level ASE certification tests. NOTE: The ASE Entry-Level test cannot be used to meet this requirement.
- 11. The concern for safety is paramount to the learning environment. Each program has the following safety requirement preceding all related tasks:

Comply with personal and environmental safety practices associated with clothing and the use of gloves; respiratory protection; eye protection; ear protection; hand tools; power equipment; proper ventilation; and the handling, storage, and disposal of chemicals/materials in accordance with local, state, and federal safety and environmental regulations.

12. In 1998 the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) issued a new rule on respiratory protection. The Occupational Safety and Health Standards, Title 29 Labor, Subpart I – <u>Personal</u> <u>Protective Equipment</u> requires employers to establish and maintain a respiratory protection program.

Since the health and safety of students is a primary concern, all collision programs that seek ASE program accreditation must have their Program Administrator and Program Instructor sign the Application for Accreditation or Renewal of Accreditation, where indicated, that the school is aware of this rule (including respirator fit testing and filter changing) and to the extent required by law, is in compliance with the rule with respect to the students enrolled in the Collision Repair and Refinish Program.

13. The ASE Education Foundation strongly encourages programs to review and comply with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Design for the Environment (DfE) Project publications which can be accessed on the website at <u>www.epa.gov/dfe/pubs/projects/auto</u>.

- 1. Best Practices for Auto Refinishers When Spray Painting
- 2. Best Practices for the Paint Mixing Room
- 3. Supplied-Air Respirators in Auto Shops: Get the Best Protection
- 4. User Friendly Supplied-Air Respirators: Options for Auto Refinishers
- 5. Choosing the Right Gloves for Painting Cars
- 6. Additionally, EPA issued a Final Rule on the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants NESHAP (Subpart HHHHHH)_that the ASE Education Foundation recommends

programs review: Paint Stripping and Miscellaneous Surface Coating Operations (found

separately at http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/area/paint_stripb.pdf)

TASK LIST PRIORITY ITEM TOTALS (by area) Structural Analysis and Damage Repair (SA)

HP-I =	<u>1216</u>	95% = <u>11</u> 15 Tasks

HP-G = 3027 90% = 2724 Tasks

Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair (NS)

HP-I =	<u>35</u> 31	95% = <u>33 29 Tasks</u>	

HP-G = 2420 90% = 2148 Tasks

Mechanical and Electrical Components (ME)

HP-I = 3437 95% = 3235 Tasks

HP-G = 8173 90% = 7366 Tasks

Painting and Refinishing (PR)

HP-I =	<u>57</u> 53	95% = 5450 Tasks
HP-G =	30 31	90% = 27 28 Tasks

Damage Analysis, Estimating, Customer Service (DAECS)

HP-I =	<u>28</u> 30	95% = 2629 Tasks
HP-G =	38	90% = 34 Tasks

Welding, Cutting, and Joining

HP-I =	<u>16</u> 17	95% = <u>15</u> 16 Tasks
HP-G =	<u>5</u> 4	90% = 43 Tasks

ACCREDITATION OPTIONS

OPTION A

Painting and Refinishing, and Damage Analysis/Estimating/Customer Service (DAECS) (only)

Painting and Refinishing Tasks:	300 hours
DAECS tasks:	46 hours
Minimum Hour Requirement:	346 hours

OPTION B

*Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair, and Damage Analysis/Estimating/Customer Service

(DAECS). MIG welding must be taught at some point during the course of study.

Non-Structural Analysis Tasks:	300 hours
MIG Welding	75 hours
DAECS tasks:	46 hours
Minimum Hour Requirement:	421 hours

OPTION C

*Structural Analysis and Damage Repair, Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair, and Damage Analysis/Estimating/Customer Service (DAECS). MIG welding must be taught at some point during the course of study.

Structural Analysis tasks:	185 hours
Non-Structural Analysis tasks:	300 hours
MIG Welding:	75 hours
DAECS tasks:	46 hours
Minimum Hour Requirement:	606 hours

Any of the following areas may be added to program accreditation OPTIONS A - C if not already included in the option selected:

*Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair (Body Components)

*Structural Analysis and Damage Repair (can only be added if accrediting in Non-

Structural Analysis and Damage Repair)

Mechanical and Electrical Components

Painting and Refinishing

OPTION D

*Master accreditation requires a program to provide instruction in all of the collision repair and refinish areas, and must have a minimum of 1,106 hours of combined laboratory/shop (co-op) and classroom instruction. Tasks related to the four collision repair and refinish areas, the DAECS tasks and MIG welding may be taught at different times during the course of study. Therefore, the hours for an individual area would be the sum total of all the hours of instruction related to the tasks.

Painting and Refinishing	300 hours
Non-Structural Analysis and Damage Repair:	300 hours
Structural Analysis and Damage Repair:	185 hours
Mechanical and Electrical:	200 hours
MIG Welding:	75 hours
DAECS tasks:	46 hours
Minimum Hour Requirement:	1,106

Master accreditation requires each area have the following minimum hours: